

A wet-shaving razor unit (10) having at least one vertically-displaceable blade (20, 22) responsive to forces encountered during shaving. The razor unit (10) also includes laterally-disposed vertical return springs (30) extending from and continuous with both ends (16, 18) of the razor unit (10) for supporting the blade (20, 22). The return springs (30) allow vertical displacement of the blade (20, 22) in response to forces encountered during shaving and return the blade (20, 22) to a resting position in the absence of such forces.

FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY

Codes used to identify States party to the PCT on the front pages of pamphlets publishing international applications under the PCT.

AT	Austria	GB	United Kingdom	MR	Mauritania
AU	Australia	GE	Georgia	MW	Malawi
BB	Barbados	GN	Guinea	NE	Niger
BE	Belgium	GR	Greece	NL	Netherlands
BF	Burkina Faso	HU	Hungary	NO	Norway
BG	Bulgaria	IE	Ireland	NZ	New Zealand
BJ	Benin	IT	Italy	PL	Poland
BR	Brazil	JP	Japan	PT	Portugal
BY	Belarus	KE	Kenya	RO	Romania
CA	Canada	KG	Kyrgyzstan	RU	Russian Federation
CF	Central African Republic	KP	Democratic People's Republic of Korea	SD	Sudan
CG	Congo	KR	Republic of Korea	SE	Sweden
CH	Switzerland	KZ	Kazakhstan	SI	Slovenia
CI	Côte d'Ivoire	LI	Liechtenstein	SK	Slovakia
CM	Cameroon	LK	Sri Lanka	SN	Senegal
CN	China	LU	Luxembourg	TD	Chad
CS	Czechoslovakia	LV	Latvia	TC	Togo
CZ	Czech Republic	MC	Monaco	TJ	Tajikistan
DE	Germany	MD	Republic of Moldova	TT	Trinidad and Tobago
DK	Denmark	MG	Madagascar	UA	Ukraine
ES	Spain	ML	Mali	US	United States of America
FI	Finland	MN	Mongolia	UZ	Uzbekistan
FR	France			VN	Viet Nam
GA	Gabon				

INSERT MOLDED DYNAMIC SHAVING SYSTEMBACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

5 The present invention relates to an insert molded dynamic shaving system and, more particularly, to an insert molded wet-shaving razor unit having at least one vertically-displaceable blade responsive to forces encountered during shaving.

10 Wet-shaving razor units, which include disposable razors and cartridges, are well known in the art. These units are typically of the twin-blade design, that is, each razor unit includes both a seat blade and a cap blade. It is believed in the shaving industry that the use of two blades provides a smoother, closer shave.

15 Of the various wet-shaving razor units known in the art, at least one device is designed to allow vertical movement of the blades (and also of the guard bar) in response to forces encountered during shaving. Such a device is disclosed in U.S. Patent Number 4,492,024, assigned to The Gillette Company, and commonly referred to in the commercial market as THE SENSOR®.

25 In particular, the '024 device is a complex assembly of a plurality of intricately-cooperating components. Once assembled, the blades (along with the guard bar) are disposed within vertical guide slots provided in the razor frame and rest on and are supported by a plurality of spring fingers, which are connected to the razor frame. The spring fingers upwardly bias the blades and guard bar and, additionally, accommodate vertical movement of these components in response to forces encountered during shaving. Clamps, which are wrapped around both ends, retain the components within such device.

30

As is known to those skilled in the art, the

-2-

production of a device, such as the one disclosed in the '024 patent, requires a plurality of fabrication processes and assembly steps. Each process and/or step translates into time and manufacturing cost.

5 Additionally, the many required processes and steps result in a multitude of manufacturing tolerances. It is apparent to those skilled in the art that the tolerances associated with a design employing a plurality of discrete intricately-cooperating components is of the
10 utmost importance. In this respect, measures taken to ensure that the components are made within prescribed limits further increase the cost of producing such devices. Moreover, deviation from these required fine tolerances will normally result in a substandard product.

15 There is therefore a need in the art for a wet-shaving razor unit of a design allowing vertical displacement of the blades and guard bar in response to forces encountered during shaving, yet, at the same time, overcoming the manufacturing drawbacks/costs associated
20 with the prior art devices. Similarly, there is a need in the art for a method for producing such a razor unit.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

25 The present invention, which addresses the problems associated with the prior art, is a wet-shaving razor unit for effective shaving of a contoured surface. The razor unit includes at least one vertically-displaceable blade extending along the length of the unit. The razor unit also includes laterally-disposed vertical return springs extending from both ends of the razor unit for
30 movably supporting the blade.

 Preferably, the laterally-disposed vertical return springs are continuous with the ends of the razor unit. These return springs allow vertical displacement of the

-3-

blade in response to forces encountered during shaving and return them to its original position in the absence of such forces.

5 Preferably, the blade includes a vertically-disposed portion and an angled portion having a cutting edge for shaving. In a preferred embodiment, the vertically-disposed portion is encased in a thermoplastic material along the longitudinal length of the blade. The vertical return springs are integrally formed and continuous with
10 the encased vertically-disposed portion of the blade. The cutting edge of the blade is preferably encased with thermoplastic material at each of its outer ends. In a preferred embodiment, the angled portion of the blade is substantially encased in thermoplastic material. In this
15 embodiment, the cutting edge of the blade extends outward from the encased angled portion to allow shaving.

The razor unit also preferably includes a vertically-displaceable guard bar extending along the length of the unit. In a preferred embodiment, the razor
20 unit includes a vertically-displaceable seat blade and a vertically-displaceable cap blade.

In an alternative embodiment of the present invention, the razor unit includes at least one insert having at least one vertically-displaceable blade. The
25 insert includes laterally-disposed vertical return springs extending from both ends for movably supporting the blade. The razor unit also includes a shell configured to receive the insert. Preferably, the laterally disposed vertical return springs are continuous
30 with the ends of the insert.

The present invention is also directed to a method for molding a wet-shaving razor unit having at least one vertically-displaceable blade extending along the length

-4-

of the razor unit and also, having a cutting edge for shaving. The method includes the step of supporting the blade in a mold with the cutting edge surrounded by mold members arranged to remain out of contact with the edge.

5 The method also includes the step of injecting a thermoplastic material into the mold whereby the razor unit is formed around the blade with the cutting edge free from contact with the thermoplastic material. In this step, laterally-disposed vertical return springs

10 extending from and continuous with both ends of the razor unit for supporting the blade are formed.

In an additional preferred embodiment, the method includes the step of forming a vertically-displaceable guard bar extending along the length of the unit. The

15 razor unit is preferably formed with a vertically-displaceable seat blade and a vertically-displaceable cap blade.

As a result, a wet-shaving razor unit of a design allowing vertical displacement of the blade(s) and guard

20 bar in response to forces encountered during shaving is provided. The preferred embodiment of the wet-shaving razor unit is an integral/continuous thermoplastic body in which the blade(s) is movably supported on both ends by a molded laterally-disposed vertical return spring.

25 The design of the unit allows such unit to be manufactured in a single step, thereby reducing the overall manufacturing cost (because many of the additional processes/steps required by the prior art device have been eliminated) and also reducing the

30 multitude of components requiring manufacturing tolerances. Consequently, the razor unit can be repeatedly produced on a commercial scale with a high degree of predictability.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Figure 1 is a perspective view of the wet-shaving razor unit of the present invention;

5 Figure 2 is a cross-sectional view taken along lines 2-2 of Figure 1;

Figure 2a is a cross-sectional view similar to Figure 2 showing an alternative blade arrangement;

10 Figure 3 is a front-elevational view, in partial section, of the razor unit of the present invention;

Figure 4 is a partial top plan view of the present invention;

Figure 5 is an enlarged detail of Figure 1 showing the encased seat blade;

15 Figure 6 is an enlarged detail similar to Figure 5 showing an alternative embodiment of the present invention;

20 Figure 7 is another alternative embodiment of the present invention in which an insert is fitted into a shell;

Figure 8 is a further alternative embodiment of the present invention in which a blade insert is formed with rails on both ends;

25 Figure 9 is still another alternative embodiment of the present invention employing closure clips for enclosing the outer ends of the razor unit;

Figure 10 is a cross-sectional view taken through

-6-

the mold employed to form the razor unit of the present invention;

Figure 11 is an enlarged detail of Figure 10; and

5 Figure 12 is a cross-sectional view taken along lines 12-12 of Figure 10;

Figure 13 is an alternative embodiment of the present invention in which the handle-receiving bracket is molded in a hinged manner to the razor unit; and

10 Figure 14 is another alternative embodiment of a hinged handle-receiving bracket.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

Referring to the drawings and, in particular to Fig. 1, a twin-blade, wet-shaving razor unit 10 is shown. Razor unit 10 includes a seat portion 12, a cap portion 14 and ends 16, 18. The razor unit also includes a 15 vertically-displaceable seat blade 20 and a vertically-displaceable cap blade 22. Each of the blades includes a cutting edge extending along the longitudinal length of the blade. Finally, the razor unit includes a 20 vertically-displaceable guard bar 24 and shaving aids 26, 28 attached to the seat and cap portion, respectively. These shaving aids may be formed from various polymeric materials known to those in the shaving industry, e.g., polyethylene oxide, which has been found to provide 25 desirable lubricity to shaving devices during wet-shaving.

The guard bar, seat blade and cap blade are supported on each end by laterally-disposed vertical return springs 30, which allow vertical displacement of 30 the blades (and guard bar) in response to forces

-7-

encountered during shaving and return the blades (and guard bar) to a resting position in the absence of any such forces. Laterally-disposed vertical return springs 30 extend laterally from ends 16, 18 of wet-shaving razor unit 10 and, in a preferred embodiment, are continuous with such ends, as shown in Fig. 1.

Referring to Fig. 2, the seat and cap blades each include a vertically-disposed portion 32, 34, respectively and an angled portion 36, 38, respectively. As is readily seen, the blades are substantially encased in rectangular blocks 40, 42 of thermoplastic material. In fact, all of the vertically-disposed portion and the vast majority of the angled portion of each of the blades is encased in such plastic. Only a part of the angled portion of the blades, which includes the cutting edge, extends outward from the rectangular block of plastic. It is also readily seen in Fig. 2 that guard bar 24 is a continuous, thermoplastic body.

An alternative blade arrangement is illustrated in Fig. 2a. In this embodiment of the present invention, razor unit 10' is similar in all respects to razor unit 10 except that blades 20' and 22' have been substituted for blades 20 and 22, respectively.

Razor unit 10 also includes a handle-receiving bracket 44 that engages with a chambered slot 46 formed in the bottom surface of the razor unit. The bracket, as shown in Fig. 3, includes arms 48 configured to engage with a handle (not shown). Such a handle may be designed to either fixedly maintain the razor unit or to allow "pivoting" of the razor unit during shaving. (The term "pivoting" refers to movement of the razor unit about an axis parallel to the cutting edge of the blade.)

In Fig. 3, guard bar 24 is partially broken away to

-8-

show the laterally-disposed vertical return spring supporting the end of the encased seat blade. Each of the return springs is formed with a flexible hinge 50 to facilitate vertical displacement of the blades and guard bar. More particularly, assuming a force F is applied to the seat blade (as shown in Fig. 3), flexible hinge 50 will allow the encased seat blade to travel downward, i.e., towards bottom surface 52 of the razor unit, and will, additionally, return the encased seat blade to its "at rest" position after force F is removed.

Referring to Fig. 5, a portion of the encased seat blade, along with one of the laterally-disposed vertical return springs, is shown. (The encased cap blade is identical in structure and design and need not be described separately.) As shown, the blade is substantially encased in plastic (i.e., in rectangular block 40) such that only a part of the blade, which includes the cutting edge, protrudes outward from the thermoplastic block. Near the ends of the blade (for example, near end 54 of seat blade 20), the cutting edge is encased, in a "bump" 56 of thermoplastic material so that the corner tip of the blade, which is typically quite sharp, is not exposed to the user. Alternatively, this corner tip could be "rounded off," thereby eliminating the need for encasing the cutting edge of the blade with a "bump" of plastic near its outer ends.

In another embodiment of the invention, as shown in Fig. 6, the blades are not encased in thermoplastic material along their entire length; instead, only the ends of the blades are encased with plastic, which is sufficient to both support the blade and provide a plastic body to which the return spring may be joined. In similar fashion to the embodiment illustrated in Fig. 5, the cutting edge of the blades near the blades outer ends (e.g., outer end 54) may be encased in bump 56 of

-9-

thermoplastic material (as shown in Fig. 6) to protect the user from the corner tip of the blade or, alternatively, the corner tip may be "rounded off," thereby eliminating the need for encasing the cutting edge of the blade near its outer ends.

5

In an additional embodiment, as illustrated in Fig. 7, an insert 58, including seat blade 20, cap blade 22 and guard bar 24, is formed separate from the body or shell of the razor unit. Insert 58 includes laterally-disposed vertical return springs 30, which function as described above. After insert 58 is formed, it is inserted into outer shell 60, which is fabricated separately and includes shaving aids 26, 28. Once assembled, the embodiment of Fig. 7 functions in the same manner as razor unit 10 illustrated in Fig. 1.

10

15

Alternatively, as shown in Fig. 8, a blade insert 62 may be formed separate from the razor unit. Blade insert 62 includes a rail 64, which is dimensioned to be received by a slot formed in the razor unit. Although only the seat blade assembly is illustrated, a cap blade insert and a guard bar insert could be formed in a similar manner.

20

Referring to Fig. 9, razor unit 10 may include closure clips 66 for enclosing the ends of the razor unit. Closure clips 66 may be employed with the present invention for the purpose of protecting return springs 30 during shaving. Closure clips 66 may also be employed to apply a downwardly-directed force to the blades such the blades become upwardly biased.

25

As described (and as shown in Figs. 1, 2, 2a, 7, and 9), the present invention includes shaving aids 26, 28. In the described embodiment, shaving aid 26 is positioned forward of the seat blade, while shaving aid 28 is

30

-10-

positioned rearward of the cap blade. Alternatively, only one shaving aid could be employed, such shaving aid being positioned in either of the indicated positions.

5 The disclosed razor unit may be formed through an insert molding procedure. Referring to Fig. 10, such an insert molding procedure will require a mold 68 having mold members 70, 72, 74 and 76. The mold members should be movable with respect to blades 20 and 22. For example, each of the mold members may be movable in the
10 directions indicated in Fig. 10.

The initial step of the insert molding procedure will involve positioning the blades in the mold in proper orientation with respect to each other. In this regard, it may be necessary to support the blades at points along
15 the vertically-disposed portion (i.e., portion 32 or 34). Following positioning of the blades, the mold members are moved into the position shown in Fig. 10. Mold members 70, 74 and 76 are configured to house the cutting edges of the blades during molding, thereby protecting such
20 edges from the injected thermoplastic material.

As best shown in Fig. 11, mold members 70 and 74 are configured such that the cutting edge of blade 22 is sheltered by the mold members during molding. More particularly, the cutting edge is trapped between a
25 triangular dimple 78 formed on mold member 70 and a chamfered edge 80 of mold member 74. As a result, the cutting edge is safely positioned within cavity 82 during the molding procedure. (The cutting edge of blade 20 is housed in a similar fashion during molding by mold
30 members 70 and 76.)

After the blades and mold members are properly positioned (i.e., once the mold is closed), thermoplastic material is injected into the mold. The thermoplastic

-11-

material fills the open areas of the mold (e.g., cavities 84, 86, 88 and 90 shown in Fig. 10) thereby forming the razor unit. A polymeric material may also be injected into the mold to form shaving aids 26, 28. After the thermoplastic material has set, the mold is opened and the formed razor unit is removed.

Referring to Fig. 12, mold 68 includes additional mold members (e.g., mold member 92) that form vertical return springs 30. Alternatively, one of the mold members necessary to form the return springs may be incorporated into mold member 70. In this regard, mold member 70 is configured with a triangular protrusion 94. Opposite triangular protrusion 94 is a triangular recess 96 formed in mold member 92. When the mold is closed, cavity 98 is formed, which after injection of the thermoplastic material, will form vertical return spring 30.

In a preferred embodiment of the present invention (as shown in Fig. 13), the razor unit is simultaneously molded with handle-receiving bracket 44'. More particularly, bracket 44' is molded such that it is hinge mounted to the razor unit. After molding, bracket 44' is rotated clockwise about the hinge until the bracket engages chamfered slot 46'. Hinge 100 may or may not be subsequently discarded.

In another preferred embodiment, the handle-receiving bracket (i.e., bracket 44") is formed in two halves, one half being hinge mounted on each end of the razor unit, as shown in Fig. 14.

While there have been described what are presently believed to be the preferred embodiments of the invention, those skilled in the art will realize that various changes and modifications may be made to the

-12-

invention without departing from the spirit of the invention, and it is intended to claim all such changes and modifications as fall within the scope of the invention.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A wet-shaving razor unit for effective shaving of a contoured surface comprising:

at least one vertically-displaceable blade extending along the length of said unit; and

5 laterally-disposed vertical return springs extending from both ends of said razor unit for movably supporting said blade.

2. The razor unit according to Claim 1, wherein said laterally-disposed vertical return springs are continuous with said ends of said razor unit.

3. The razor unit according to Claim 1, wherein said return springs allow vertical displacement of said blade in response to forces encountered during shaving and return said blade to a resting position in the
5 absence of said forces.

4. The razor unit according to Claim 1, wherein said blade includes a vertically-disposed portion and an angled portion having a cutting edge for shaving, and wherein said vertically-disposed portion is encased in
5 thermoplastic material along the longitudinal length of said blade.

5. The razor unit according to Claim 4, wherein said laterally-disposed vertical return springs are integrally formed and continuous with said encased vertically-disposed portion of said blade.

6. The razor unit according to Claim 4, wherein said cutting edge of said blade is encased with said thermoplastic material at each of its outer ends.

7. The razor unit according to Claim 4, wherein

-14-

said angled portion of said blade is substantially encased in said thermoplastic material.

8. The razor unit according to Claim 7, wherein said cutting edge of said blade extends outward from said encased angled portion to allow shaving.

5 9. The razor unit according to Claim 1, wherein said blade includes a vertically-disposed portion and an angled portion having a cutting edge for shaving, and wherein the outer ends of said vertically-disposed portion and said angled portion are encased in thermoplastic material.

10. The razor unit according to Claim 9, wherein said encased outer ends are integrally formed and continuous with said laterally-disposed vertical return springs.

11. The razor unit according to Claim 9, wherein the cutting edge of said blade is encased in said thermoplastic material at its outer end.

12. The razor unit according to Claim 1, wherein said return springs include a flexible hinge for facilitating said vertical displacement of said blade.

13. The razor unit according to Claim 1, further comprising at least one shaving aid attached to a skin-engaging portion of said razor unit.

5 14. The razor unit according to Claim 13, wherein said razor unit comprises a first shaving aid and a second shaving aid, and wherein said first shaving aid is positioned forward of said blade and said second shaving aid is positioned rearward of said blade.

-15-

15. The razor unit according to Claim 13, wherein said shaving aid is a polymeric material having at least one active ingredient.

16. The razor unit according to Claim 15, wherein said active ingredient is polyethylene oxide.

17. The razor unit according to Claim 1, further comprising a handle-receiving bracket attached to said razor unit.

18. The razor unit according to Claim 17, wherein said razor unit is formed with engaging means for receipt of and engagement with said handle-receiving bracket.

19. The razor unit according to Claim 1, wherein said razor unit includes a handle-receiving bracket, and wherein said handle-receiving bracket is hinge mounted to said razor unit.

20. The razor unit according to Claim 1, further comprising closure clips for enclosing the ends of said razor unit.

21. The razor unit according to Claim 20, wherein said blade is biased by said closure clips.

22. The razor unit according to Claim 21, wherein said closure clips apply a downwardly-directed force to said blade such that said blade is upwardly biased.

23. The razor unit according to Claim 1, further comprising a vertically-displaceable guard bar extending along the length of said unit.

24. The razor unit according to Claim 1, wherein said razor unit comprises a vertically-displaceable seat

blade and a vertically-displaceable cap blade.

25. A wet-shaving razor unit for effective shaving of a contoured surface comprising:

at least one insert having at least one vertically-displaceable blade, said insert including laterally-disposed vertical return springs extending from both ends for movably supporting said blade; and a shell configured to receive said insert.

26. The razor unit according to Claim 25, wherein said laterally-disposed vertical return springs are continuous with said ends of said insert.

27. The razor unit according to Claim 25, wherein said return springs allow vertical displacement of said blade in response to forces encountered during shaving and return said blade to a resting position in the absence of said forces.

28. A method for molding a wet-shaving razor unit having at least one vertically-displaceable blade extending along the length of said razor unit, said blade having a cutting edge for shaving comprising the steps of:

supporting said blade in a mold with said cutting edge surrounded by mold members arranged to remain out of contact with said edge, and wherein said blade is enveloped with thermoplastic material on both sides during molding;

injecting a thermoplastic material into said mold whereby said razor unit is formed around said blade with said cutting edge free from contact with said thermoplastic material, and wherein laterally-disposed vertical return springs extending from and continuous with both ends of said razor unit for supporting said blade are formed.

29. The method according to Claim 28, wherein said return springs are formed with a flexible hinge for facilitating said vertical displacement of said blade.

5 30. The method according to Claim 28, wherein said blade includes a vertically-disposed portion and an angled portion, said angled portion including said cutting edge, and wherein said vertically-disposed portion is encased with said thermoplastic material along the longitudinal length of said blade.

31. The method according to Claim 30, wherein said laterally-disposed return springs are integrally formed and continuous with said encased vertically-disposed portion of said blade.

32. The method according to Claim 30, wherein said cutting edge of said blade is encased in said thermoplastic material at its outer ends.

33. The method according to Claim 30, wherein said angled portion of said blade is substantially encased in said thermoplastic material.

34. The method according to Claim 33, wherein said cutting edge of said blade extends outward from said encased angled portion to allow shaving.

5 35. The method according to Claim 28, wherein said blade includes a vertically-disposed portion and an angled portion, said angled portion including said cutting edge for shaving, and wherein the outer ends of said vertically-disposed portion and said angled portion are encased in said thermoplastic material.

36. The method according to Claim 35, wherein said

-18-

encased outer ends are integrally formed and continuous with said laterally-disposed vertical return springs.

37. The razor unit according to Claim 35, wherein said cutting edge of said blade is encased in said thermoplastic material at its outer ends.

38. The method according to Claim 28, further comprising the step of providing a shaving aid to a skin-engaging portion of said razor unit.

39. The method according to Claim 38, wherein said shaving aid is a polymeric material having at least one active ingredient.

40. The method according to Claim 28, further comprising the step of molding a handle-receiving bracket.

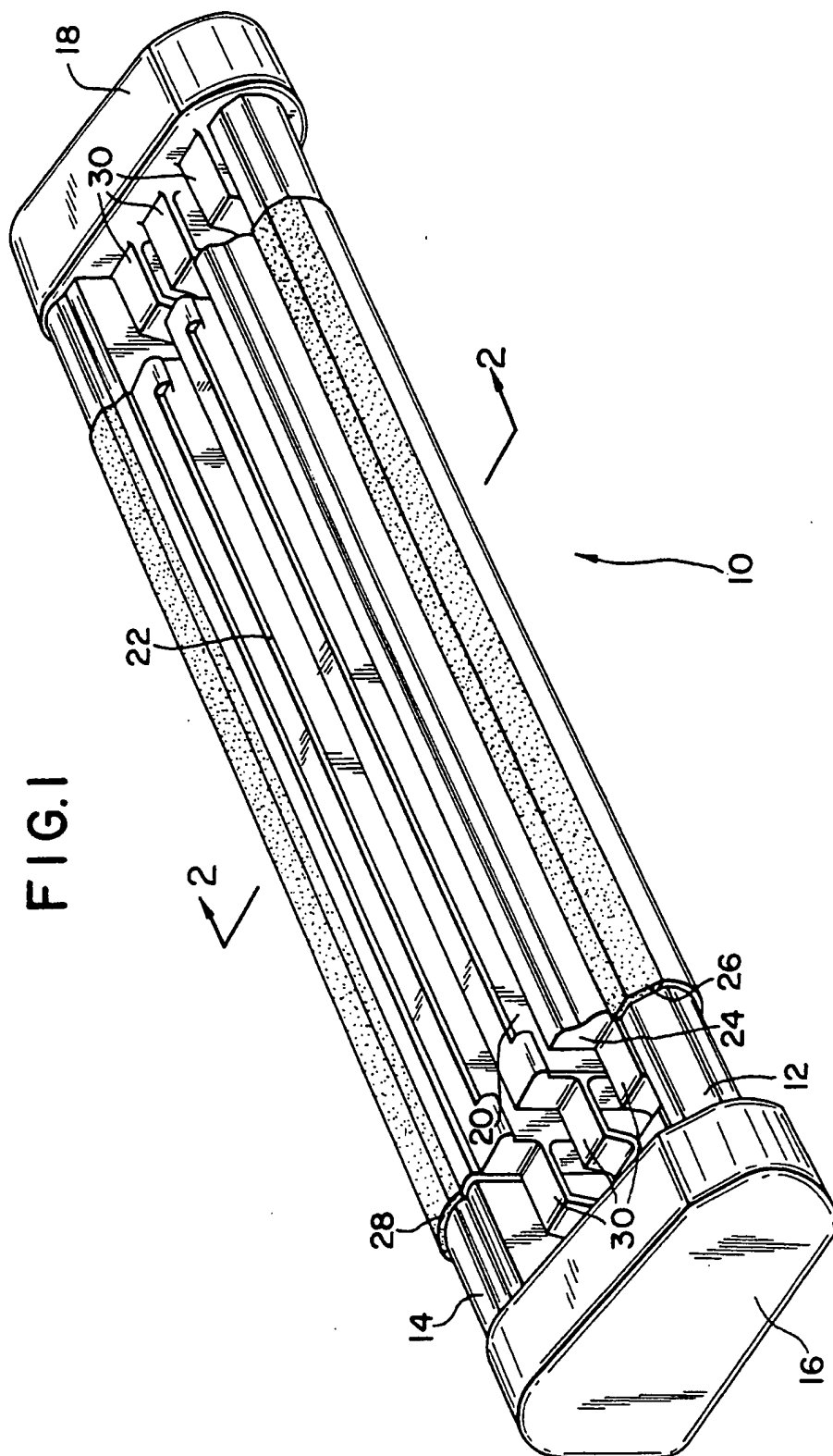
41. The method according to Claim 40, wherein said bracket is molded to said razor unit in a hinged manner.

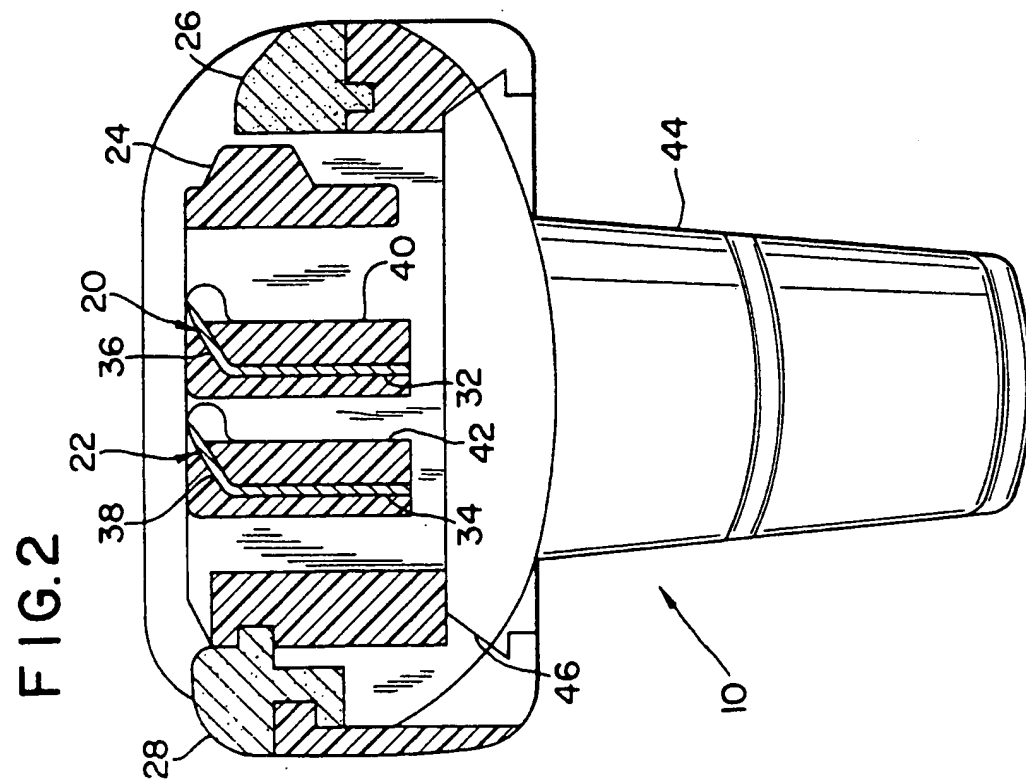
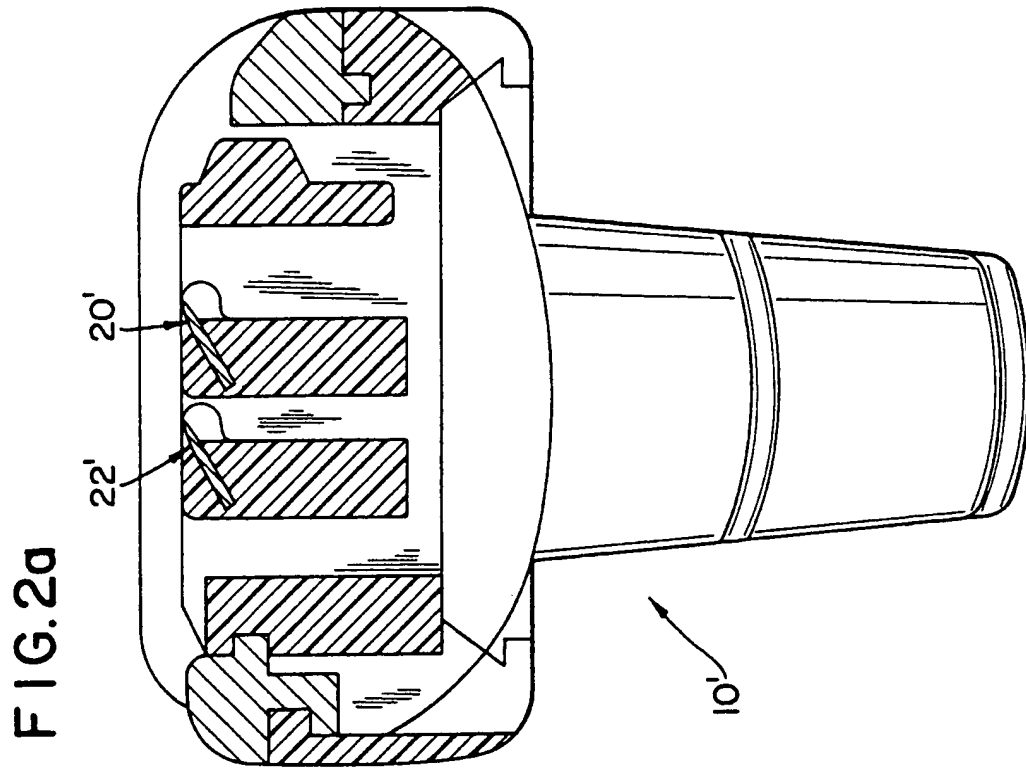
42. The method according to Claim 28, further comprising the step of positioning closure clips on the ends of said razor unit.

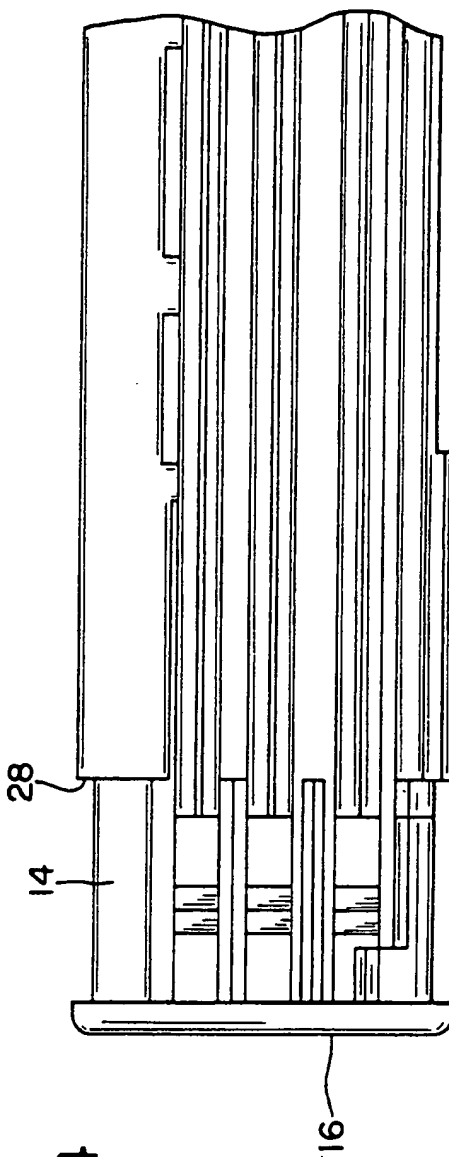
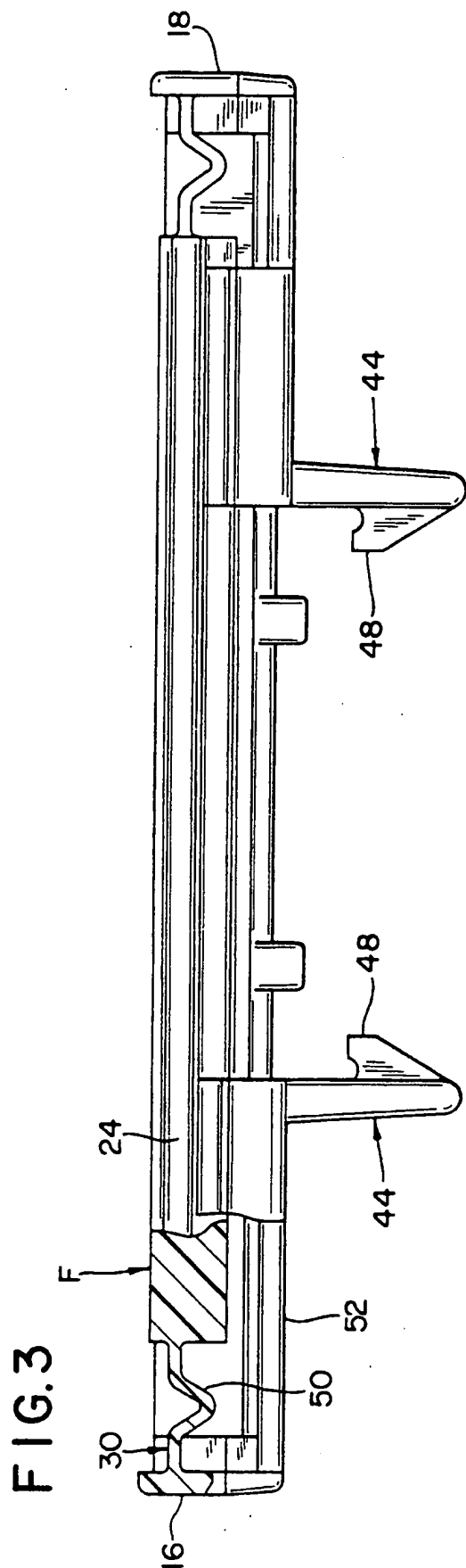
43. The method according to Claim 42, wherein said blade is biased by said closure clip.

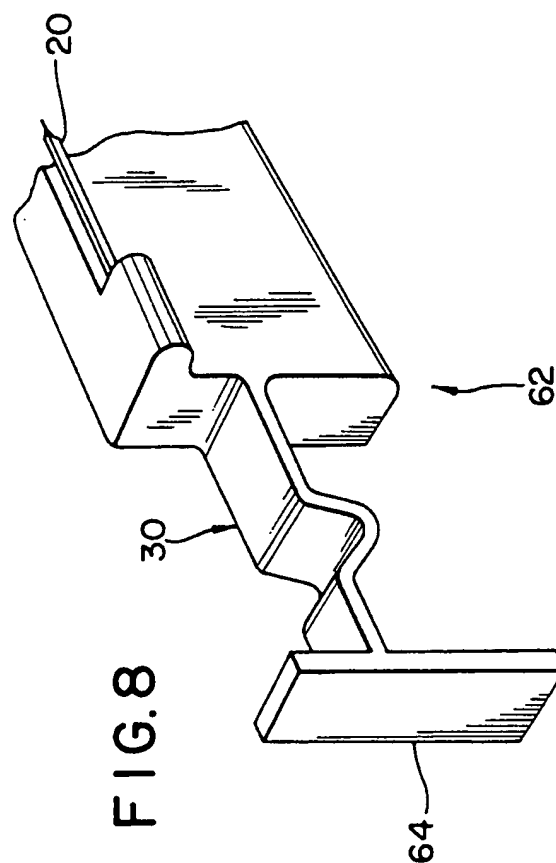
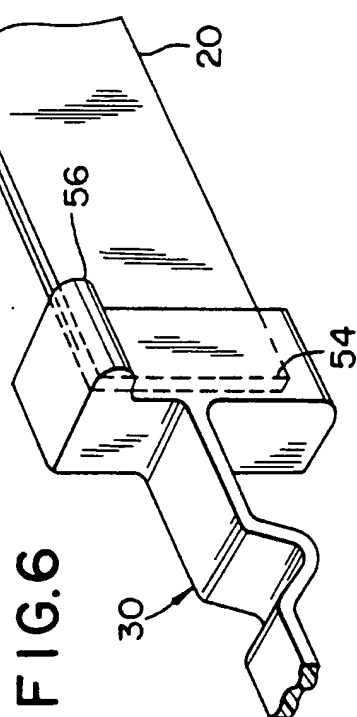
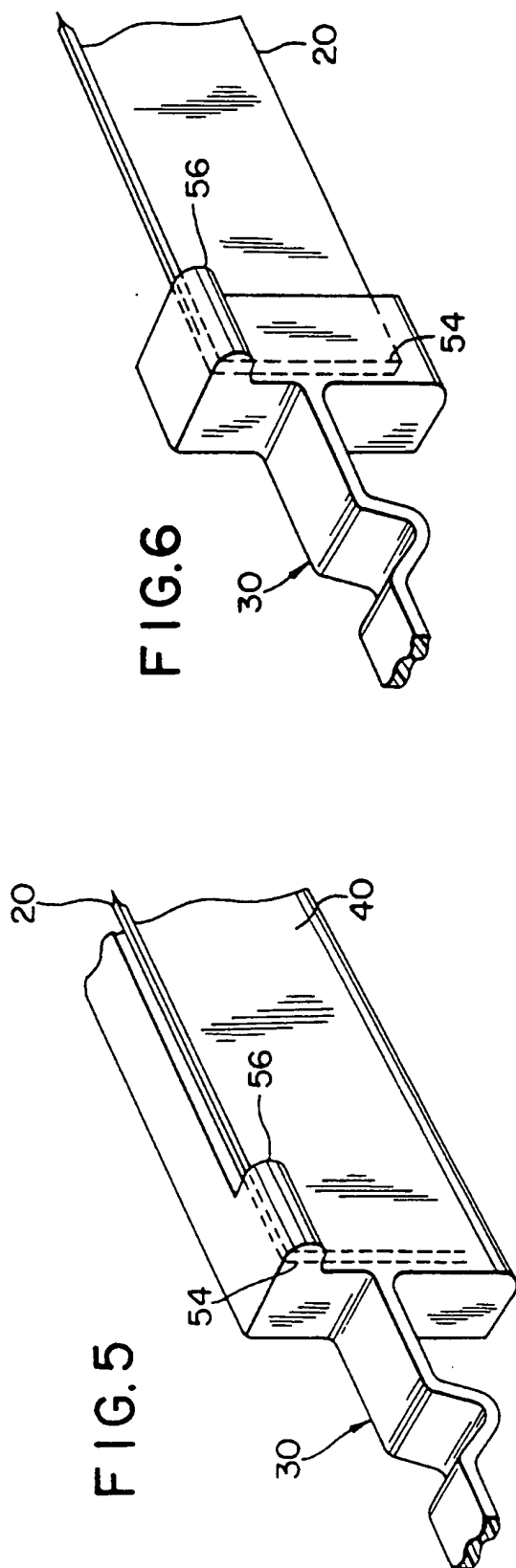
44. The method according to Claim 28, further comprising the step of forming a vertically-displaceable guard bar extending along the length of said unit.

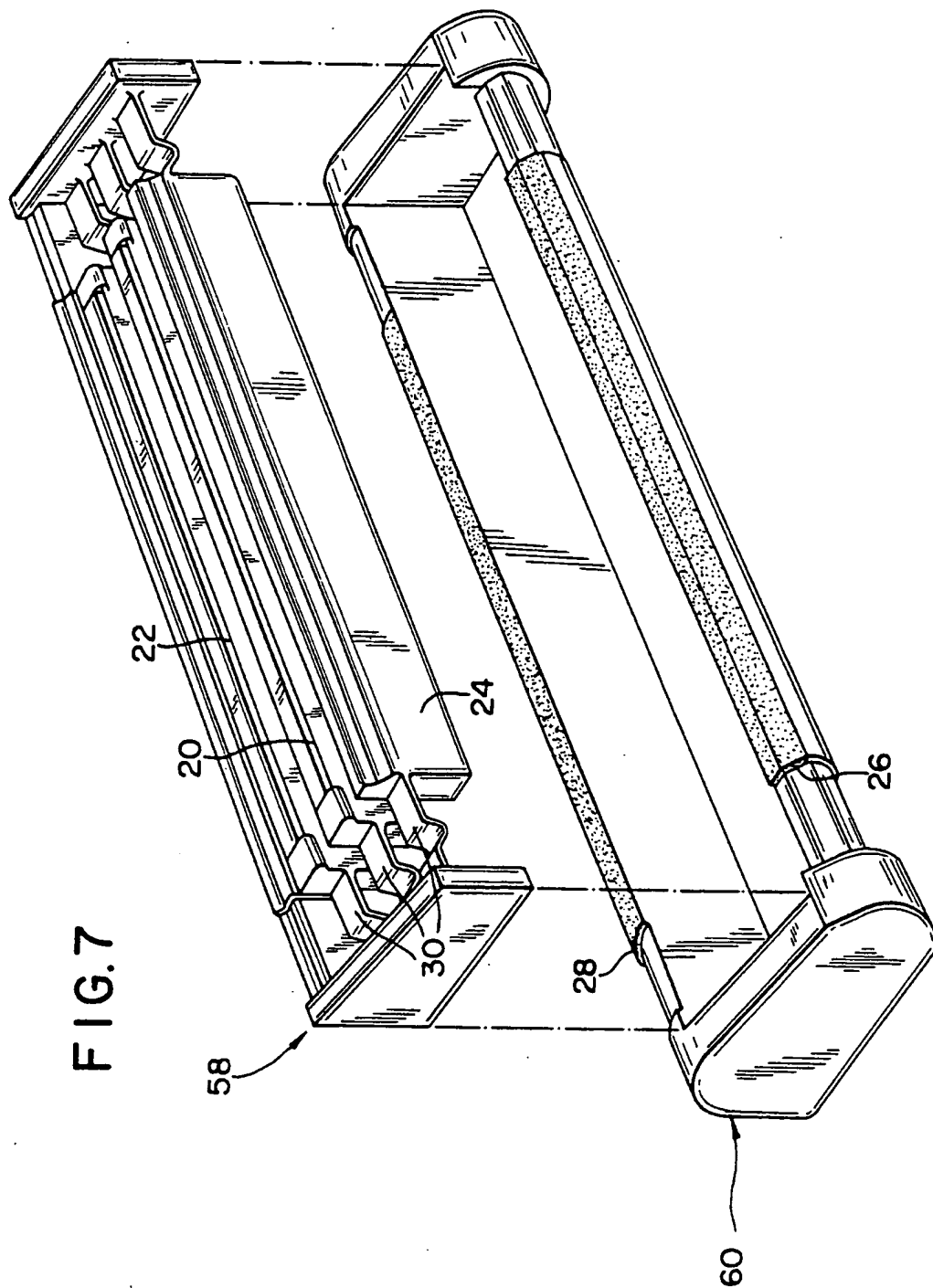
45. The razor unit according to Claim 28, wherein said razor unit is formed with a vertically-displaceable seat blade and a vertically-displaceable cap blade.

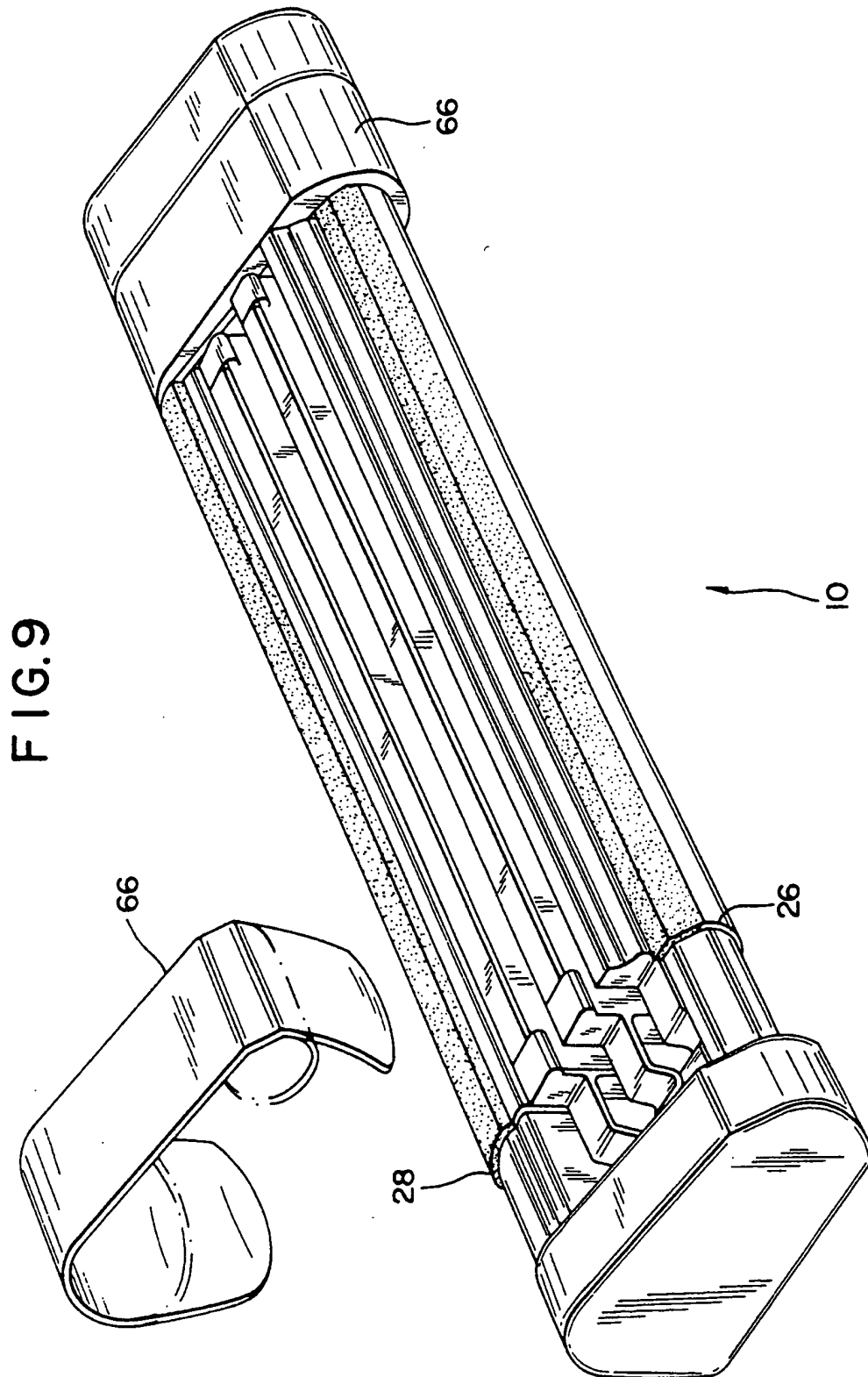












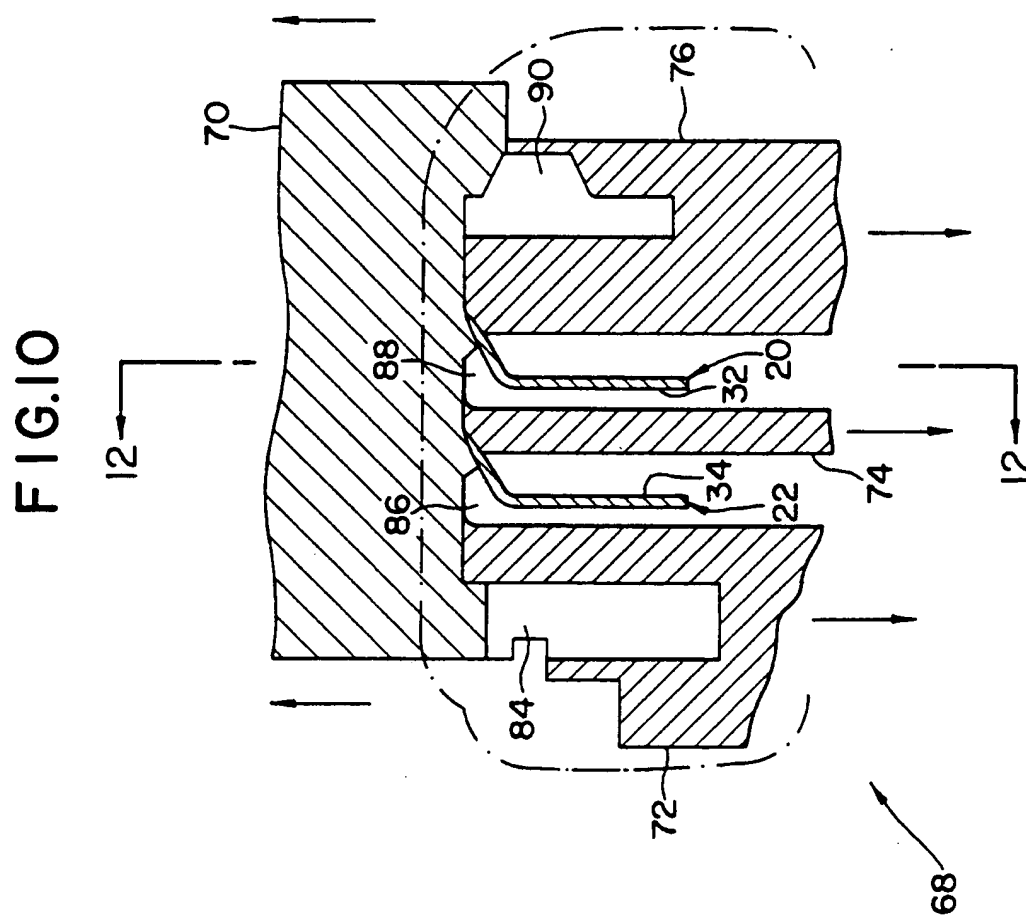


FIG.12

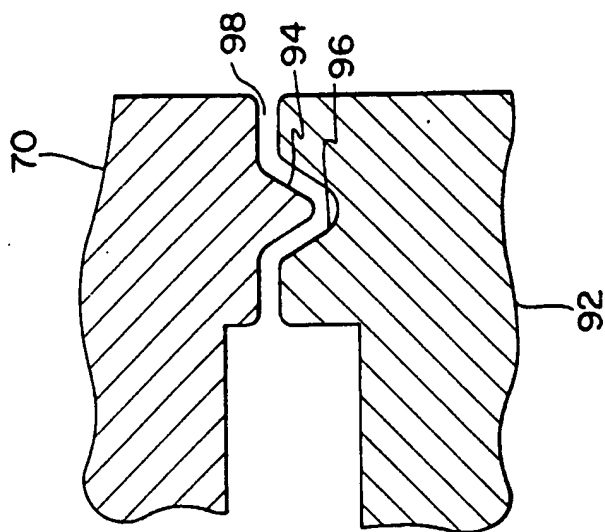


FIG.11

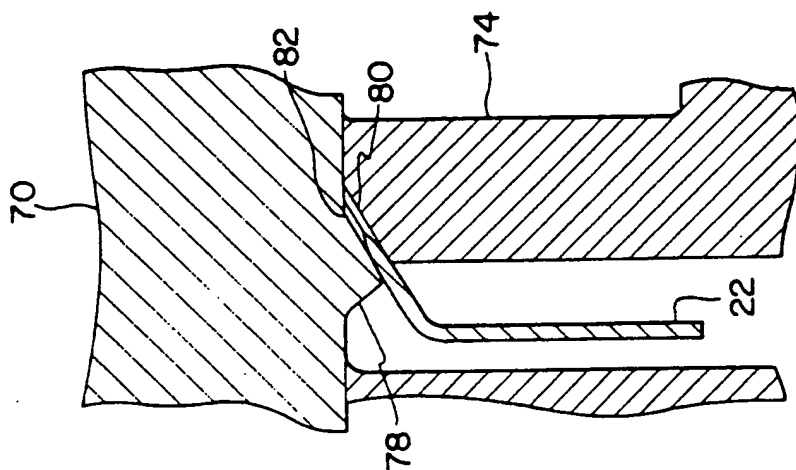
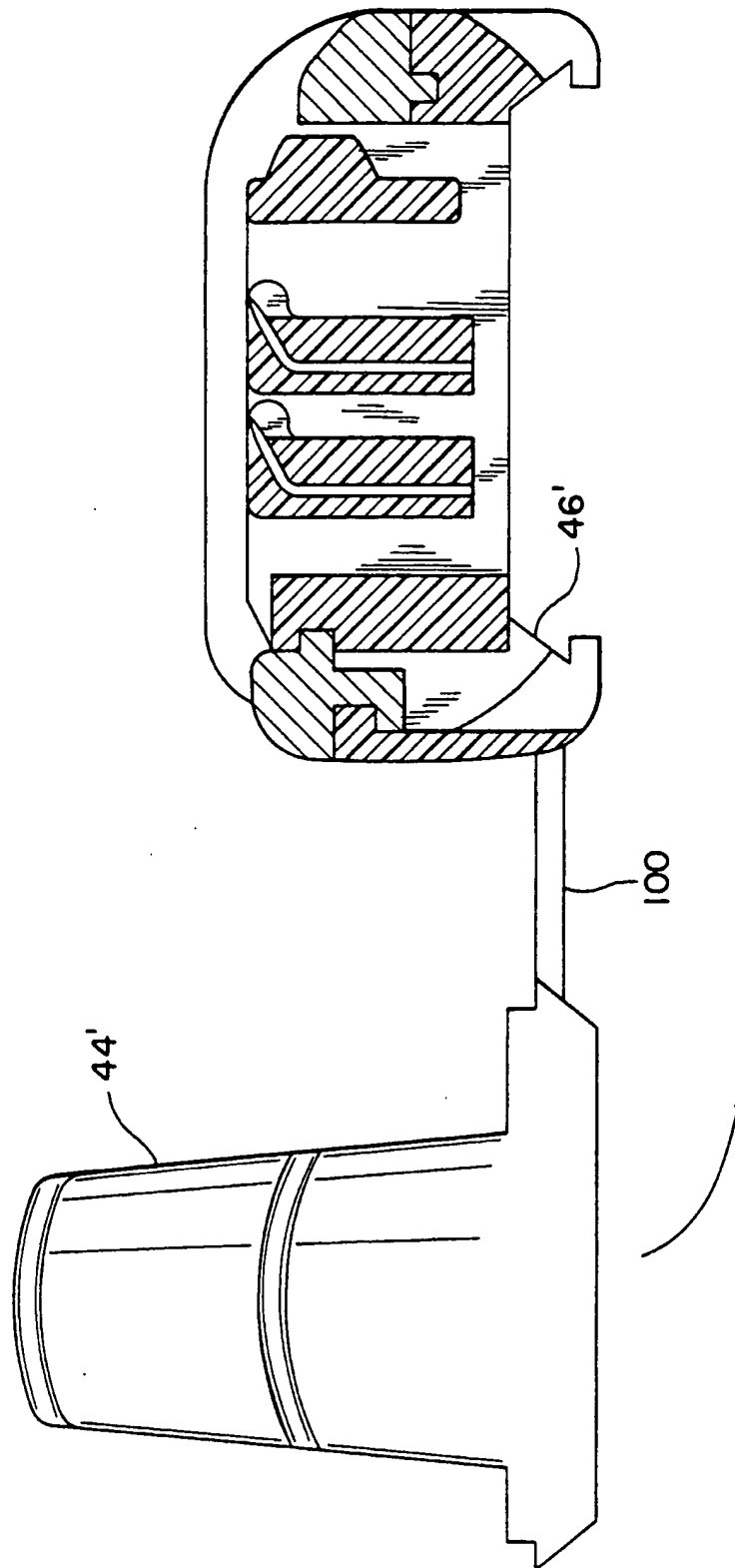
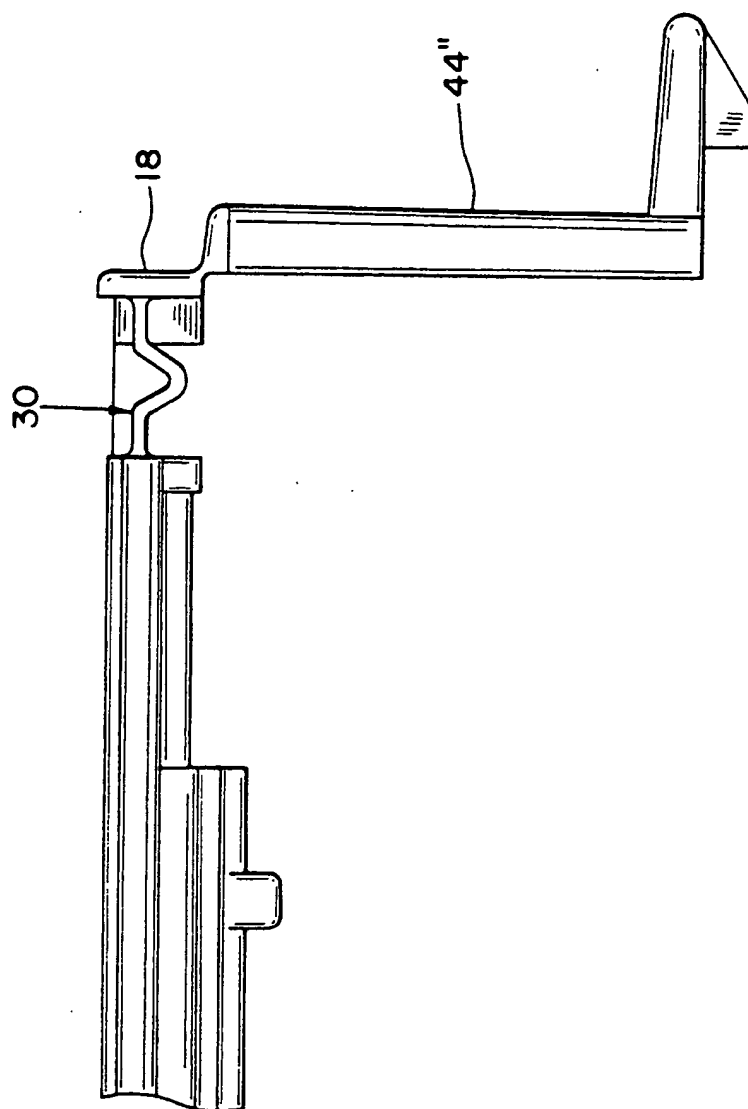


FIG.13



10 / 10

FIG. 14



INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Intern al Application No

PCT/US 93/10796

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER
IPC 5 B26B21/22

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 5 B26B

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	US,A,5 056 222 (MILLER ET AL) 15 October 1991	1-3, 13-18, 20-24
A	see the whole document	28, 38-40, 42-45
X	US,A,5 063 667 (C.F. JACOBSON) 12 November 1991	1-3,13, 15-18, 20-24
A	see the whole document	28, 38-40, 42-45

☒ Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.☒ Patent family members are listed in annex.

* Special categories of cited documents :

A document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance

E earlier document but published on or after the international filing date

L document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)

O document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means

P document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

T later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention

X document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone

Y document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.

& document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

9 February 1994

Date of mailing of the international search report

14. 03. 94

Name and mailing address of the ISA

European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2
NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk
Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl,
Fax (+31-70) 340-3016

Authorized officer

Raven, P

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Intern. Appl. No.

PCT/US 93/10796

C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	US,A,4 492 024 (C.F. JACOBSON) 8 January 1985 cited in the application	1-3,17, 18,20-24
A	see column 2, line 49 - column 4, line 4; figures 1-5 ---	28,40, 42-45
X	EP,A,0 293 683 (THE GILLETTE COMPANY) 7 December 1988 see the whole document ---	25-27
A	US,A,3 388 831 (B.S. HANSOM) 18 June 1968 see column 2, line 59 - column 3, line 4; figures 1-4 see column 3, line 43 - line 60 ---	4,13,28, 30,38
A	WO,A,91 19596 (THE GILLETTE COMPANY) 26 December 1991 see page 6, line 6 - line 24; figures 12,13 ---	4
A	WO,A,84 02303 (THE GILLETTE COMPANY) 21 June 1984 see page 3, line 23 - page 6, line 35; figures ---	9,10,28, 35,36
A	US,A,3 660 893 (N.C. WELSH) 9 May 1972 see column 3, line 17 - line 64; figures 1-5 ---	9,11,35, 37
A	EP,A,0 290 025 (THE GILLETTE COMPANY) 9 November 1988 see the whole document ---	1,12,28, 29
A	US,A,4 184 247 (N.D. POISSON) 22 January 1980 see the whole document -----	19,40,41

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

information on patent family members

Intern al Application No

PCT/US 93/10796

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
US-A-5056222	15-10-91	AU-A- 8767891	28-04-92
		CN-A- 1060243	15-04-92
		EP-A- 0550674	14-07-93
		WO-A- 9205927	16-04-92

US-A-5063667	12-11-91	AU-A- 8644191	28-04-92
		CN-A- 1060054	08-04-92
		EP-A- 0550616	14-07-93
		WO-A- 9205928	16-04-92

US-A-4492024	08-01-85	CA-A- 1209327	12-08-86
		US-A- 4498235	12-02-85
		US-A- 4621424	11-11-86
		US-A- 4573266	04-03-86

EP-A-0293683	07-12-88	AU-A- 1723188	04-01-89
		DE-A- 3877057	11-02-93
		WO-A- 8809710	15-12-88
		US-A- 4868983	26-09-89

US-A-3388831		NONE	

WO-A-9119596	26-12-91	AU-A- 8066391	07-01-92
		CN-A- 1057225	25-12-91
		EP-A- 0543823	02-06-93

WO-A-8402303	21-06-84	GB-A, B 2131337	20-06-84
		AU-B- 567842	03-12-87
		AU-A- 2336584	05-07-84
		CA-A- 1213430	04-11-86
		DE-A- 3376392	01-06-88
		EP-A, B 0157776	16-10-85
		JP-T- 60500004	10-01-85
		US-A- 4516321	14-05-85

US-A-3660893	09-05-72	NONE	

EP-A-0290025	09-11-88	AU-B- 609138	26-04-91
		AU-A- 1724388	06-12-88
		DE-A- 3868430	26-03-92

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

information on patent family members

Intern. Application No

PCT/US 93/10796

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
EP-A-0290025		JP-T- 2500338 WO-A- 8808776 US-A- 4932123	08-02-90 17-11-88 12-06-90
US-A-4184247	22-01-80	CA-A- 1095702 FR-A,B 2435330 GB-A,B 2042959	17-02-81 04-04-80 01-10-80

**This Page is Inserted by IFW Indexing and Scanning
Operations and is not part of the Official Record**

BEST AVAILABLE IMAGES

Defective images within this document are accurate representations of the original documents submitted by the applicant.

Defects in the images include but are not limited to the items checked:

- ☐ BLACK BORDERS
- ☐ IMAGE CUT OFF AT TOP, BOTTOM OR SIDES
- ☐ FADED TEXT OR DRAWING
- ☐ BLURRED OR ILLEGIBLE TEXT OR DRAWING
- ☐ SKEWED/SLANTED IMAGES
- ☐ COLOR OR BLACK AND WHITE PHOTOGRAPHS
- ☐ GRAY SCALE DOCUMENTS
- ☐ LINES OR MARKS ON ORIGINAL DOCUMENT
- ☐ REFERENCE(S) OR EXHIBIT(S) SUBMITTED ARE POOR QUALITY
- ☐ OTHER: _____

IMAGES ARE BEST AVAILABLE COPY.

As rescanning these documents will not correct the image problems checked, please do not report these problems to the IFW Image Problem Mailbox.